

Below are scripts for the exercise portions of the Nurture Family Program. Feel free to substitute exercises as needed based on your room configuration, participants mobility and time available. See page 15 for an alternative exercise routine which is also workbook. The overall goal is to motivate and provide ideas so participants incorporate more physical activity into their lives.

### **Overall Learning Goals:**

- Participants will understand the importance of exercise.
- Participants will know some exercise options that their family will do.
- Participants will be motivated to get their families moving.

Here are some fun facts you can sprinkle into the lessons:

- Smokers get 10x more wrinkles than non-smokers.
- Laughing 100 times is the equivalent of a 10 minute workout on a rowing machine so try to find the humor in life.
- The lack of water is the #1 trigger of daytime fatigue so try a glass of water to boost your energy.
- 30 minutes of exercise can be broken in to 3 pieces of 10 minutes and produce the same beneficial effects. Get your energy up first thing in the morning with 10 minutes of walking or simple exercises. Take a 10 minute walk at lunch or when the kids get home from school – getting outside into nature will help you relax and recharge your spirit for the afternoon. Play tag with the kids or dance together for 10 minutes after dinner. In your cookbooks you'll find a dance party routine you can do as a family.
- It takes the body 20 minutes to feel full after beginning to eat – wait 10 seconds between bites to notice when you feel full and eat less.
- Fidgeting can burn more than 350 calories a day so imagine what just getting up and walking around every hour can do!

## **Week 1 Lesson**

Today we are going to discuss the importance of physical activity. Being physically active helps increase energy levels, improve mood, and helps maintain a healthy weight.

How do you fit in more physical activity?

### **Walk!**

- Walking is an excellent way to maintain a healthy weight.
- Start small! Walk around the block, park your car at the back of the lot; slowly build your endurance by adding an additional five minutes of walking each week. Before you know it, you will be able to walk over an hour per day!

### **Play with your Children**

- Riding bikes, playing tag, and swimming are excellent ways to bond with your children, and it is fun!
- Playing with your children reinforces your family commitment to living a healthy lifestyle.

### **Stretch**

- When watching TV or sitting at your desk, take a few minutes to stretch your neck and back.
- Stretch your legs every few hours after sitting for an extended period of time.

### **Take the stairs**

- Taking the stairs burns five times the calories than taking an elevator.
- Taking the stairs helps reduce cholesterol.

**Resources:** <http://www.choosemyplate.gov/physical-activity.html>

**Lead group through the Small Space and Limited Mobility Exercise Options. If you know of other simple exercises that can be done safely by participants, feel free to incorporate them. You may even want to ask the participants if they can recommend favorite exercises.**

**Explain that these are simple exercises they can do anywhere. Encourage them to use these exercises, walk or play actively with their children this next week. Also refer them to Section 3, page 2 of the workbook for more tips.**

### **Small Space and Limited Mobility Exercise Options**

#### **Aerobic Exercises**

1. **Jumping Jacks:** wide legs and wide arms, bounce quickly off your toes. Do 3 sets of 15
2. **High Knee Lifts:** Stand in place with your shoulder blades back and down, arms in a 90 degree position. Try not to lean forward or back. Alternate lifting each knee as high as possible. Do 10 lifts.
3. **Exploding Jumps:** Stand straight and squat down (butt back) to touch the ground and jump/explode as high as you can. Do 2 sets of 8.
4. **Jump Rope:** Hold an imaginary rope, turn it and jump quickly. Do 3 sets of 20.

## Strength Exercises

1. **Lunges:** Stand straight and step one foot in front of you about 2 feet. Lower your body straight down and then push straight up. After 5 up and downs, step your rear foot to meet your front foot and do 5 more stepping forward with the opposite leg. Make sure knee does not extend past toes. This can be damaging to knees if done improperly, so walk around and make sure participants are doing it properly. Do a total of 10 on each side.



2. **Squats:** Stand straight, pretend there is a chair behind you and that you want to slide the chair backward, not sit in it. Lower down and press your butt back at the same time. Try to get as low as you can, press through your heels to come back up. Make sure knees do not extend past toes. This can be damaging to knees if done improperly, so walk around and make sure participants are doing it properly. Do 2 sets of 8.
3. **Modified Pushups:** On your knees and hands, with your body in a straight line, do 2 sets of 6 pushups. Do not rock up, but use your arms and core to get you up.

4. **Core Lifts:** Lay on your back, knees in the air at a 90 degree angle, hands behind your head and press your core and lower back to the ground. Do not rock your head or shoulders forward. You should not be able to see your knees with your chin and eyes to the ceiling. Press with your core to lift you a few inches – that's it.



## Sitting Exercises

1. **Leg Raises:** Tighten your core and raise alternating legs, increase core work by raising the opposite arm over your head, add arm weights.
2. **Twists:** With or without arm weights, extend both arms in front of you, twist to each side multiple times and the raise weights above the head.
3. **Leg Extension:** Extend one leg and flex the heel, lift as high as possible and then push leg out to the side.

4. **Squats:** If mobility allows, stand up out of chair and then sit down - continue for several reps to raise heart rate. Make sure knees do not extend past toes. This can be damaging to knees if done improperly, so walk around and make sure participants are doing it properly.
5. **Arm Jumping Jacks:** Bring arms out to the side and quickly clap them above your head.
6. **Arm Circles:** Extend arms out from shoulders, palms facing up. Do 10 small circles forward then backwards. Repeat with palms down. Rotate arms from shoulder so palms face forward and move arms back and forth 10 times. Repeat with palms facing backward.
7. **Core Work:** Tighten your core and lift both feet off the ground without leaning backward - the lift off the ground does not need to be exceptionally high.

### Stretching Exercises

1. **Hamstrings/Calves:** Hands on your knees with a flat back – push your shoulders forward and press your butt back.
2. **Quads:** Sit on your shin and heels.
3. **Glutes/Hips:** Sit in a chair with one ankle crossed over one knee and dive forward with your arms.
4. **Shoulders:** Clasp your hands behind your back and pull your shoulder blades back and down.
5. **Lower back:** Lay on your stomach, hands by your shoulders and press up.

See pictures for more ideas.



## **Week 2 Lesson**

Did anyone try adding more exercise or movement to their family's routine? What did you try? How did your family like it? Did it help you spend more time together? Did you run into any challenges? Does anyone have any suggestions on how to address these challenges?

Does anyone know why it's so important to exercise?

- Healthy heart, lungs and muscles – feels good to be strong
- More energy
- Sleep better
- Prevent disease, obesity
- Helps improve your mood and outlook on life
- Helps build the brain so you can learn and concentrate more effectively

Several types of exercises are important for your body:

- **Aerobic exercise** increases your heart rate and makes you breathe hard. This exercises your heart, the most important muscle in your body. Strive to exercise aerobically at least 2 – 3 times per week for 20 minutes.
- **Strength training** increases the amount of muscle in your body and burns more calories. Strive for 1 -2 times per week for 20 minutes.
- **Flexibility/stretching** work allows you to recover after exercise and stay loose. Every day for 5 minutes, but only after moving around a bit first.

Let's do some aerobic activities now. Before we get moving, everyone find their pulse. (**Show carotid pulse point.**) When I say go, count the number of times your heart beats in the next six seconds. Multiply that number by ten. That is your resting pulse: the number of times your heart beats in one minute while at rest. Remember that number.

Everyone stand up! Stand in ready position, legs slightly bent and hands out to your side, palms facing up. You're going to shift your weight to your right foot, then left foot, alternating as fast as you can while your hands stay extended out at your side - think of a defensive basketball position. (**Have the participants perform this exercise for 30-45 seconds.**)

Now let's try a different exercise. Stand up tall and pull your belly in. Now bring one knee up to a 90 angle, switch legs. Continue to alternate your legs as fast as you can for about 30-45 seconds..

We'll try one more exercise. Squat down like you are about to sit in a chair, now jump up as high as you can. Repeat 10 times.

Now find your pulse again. Let's count the number of times it beats in six seconds. Now multiply by ten. Is your number higher than your resting pulse? How do you feel? Do you have a burst of energy? If your child has a lot of homework or is studying for a big test, doing some aerobic activities before sitting down to study will help them concentrate better. Here are a few other simple aerobic activities you could try. Jump rope, play basketball, toss balls

to each other, jumping jacks with a ball in your hands to make it harder, jump over your basketball while it is on the ground, high knee lifts.

Now let's do some strength training. Strength training helps build strong muscles throughout your body, supports good posture, and helps you maintain a healthy weight. Having strong muscles in your back and abdomen, your core area, helps your body stand up tall and helps prevent you from falling and hurting yourself. Have you ever stepped on ice and felt like you were going to fall? Did you notice that when you felt the unstable ground, your body, especially your stomach, tightened up? This is an example of your core working hard to make sure you stand upright and don't get hurt.

Let's practice a few exercises that you can do to keep your muscles strong!

Let's try a lunge. Stand one foot in front of the other so that your feet are about 2 ½ to 3 feet apart. Slowly lower your rear leg until it is about 3 inches from the ground, or until your front leg is at a 90 degree angle. Make sure your knee does not extend too far in front of your toes. Try this 10 times on each leg.

For your upper body and core, let's get in plank position. Place arms directly under your shoulders, straighten out your back so you are in a straight line from shoulders to ankles and tighten your abs. Hold this position for 15 seconds. If you're feeling strong, try doing 5 pushups!

Can anyone think of exercises that help build strong muscles? (*Pushups, planks, lunges, squats, crunches/sit-ups, step ups on a step or box or chair, etc.*) You don't need to lift heavy weights to build a strong body. Using just your body weight, you can build strong muscles. Aim to work your muscles at least 2 times per week for 10-15 minutes.

Finally let's end with some stretches. Stretching helps lengthen our muscles, prevents injury, and helps us stay loose. You should stretch only after you've warmed up your muscles. As you are doing the following exercises breathe in deeply to start and slowly exhale as you move into the stretch. Breathe throughout the stretch – don't hold your breath. Only stretch to the point that is comfortable for you.

Everyone stand up nice and tall. Clasp your hands behind your back and raise them up as high as is comfortable. Hold this position for 30 seconds.

Now let's reach to the sky, slowly bend to one side, and hold this position for 30 seconds, repeat on other side. Slowly bend forward, and try to touch the floor, hold this position for 30 seconds. Now slow roll your body up, and take a nice deep breath! Now close your eyes and take three deep, slow breaths. Open your eyes and sit back down. Stretching is a great way to relax and calm your mind. You can stretch your muscles every day; just remember it is important to warm up first. Ending your day with a family walk and simple stretches is a fun way to connect and relax as a family.

**Turn to Section 3, page 3 in the workbook.** This Dance Party Exercise Routine incorporates cardio, strength and stretching into a fun family workout.



## **Week 3 Lesson**

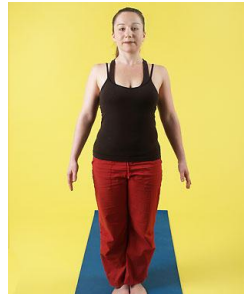
Did anyone try adding more exercise, movement, or stretching to their family's routine? What did you try? How did your family like it? Did it help you spend more time together? Did you run into any challenges? Does anyone have any suggestions on how to address these challenges?

**(There is a Modified Sun Salutations routine on page 10. That routine is in the workbooks. The routine involves getting on the ground. If you don't have yoga mats, it's best to just show the class where to find the routine in their workbooks and do the exercises shown below.)**

Today we're going to do some yoga. Everyone stand up. First let's warm up a bit with 30 jumping jacks. **(Modified jumping jacks where you just step to the side are fine also.)** First let's quiet our minds by starting with a few slow, deep breaths. Close your eyes if you wish. Inhale slowly and hold it **(5 seconds total)**, now slowly exhale **(5 seconds total)**. **(Repeat 3 more times.)**

First we'll learn the poses then we'll cycle through them twice holding each pose for about 15 to 30 seconds. **(Use the routine appropriate for your space and participants.)**

**Mountain Pose/Arms Over Head:** Begin by standing still with your arms at your sides (at right). Then stretch your hands above your head (below). Fill your body with breath on a big inhale as you stretch upwards.



**Forward bend:** Exhale as you bend forward from the waist/hips, keeping your legs slightly bent if your hamstrings **(back of legs)** are a bit tight. Let your arms dangle or fold at the elbows and clasp the opposite elbow.

**Monkey pose:** From your forward bend, lift your head and look forward as you inhale. Flatten your back as you put your tips of your fingers on the floor or on your shins. Make a monkey sound: "ooo ooo"—this is the monkey pose!



The following are balance poses, starting with “tree” and then expanding to other poses if time permits. Tell them that you expect them to fall! Part of learning to balance is knowing your limits. This message ties in well with lessons on balancing foods on a plate, snacks, portion size, and sugar intake.

**Tree pose:** Feel the earth below and how that gives us support. Make sure to try on both legs. Do you feel a difference?

Variations:

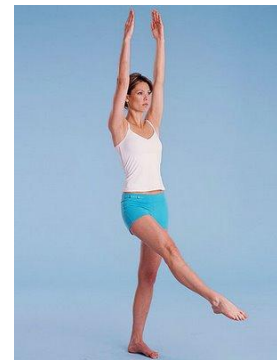
- “growing tree” - lift arms over head
- “swaying tree” -move arms around back and forth and side to side
- “tumbling tree”- lean body to one side
- “pine tree” – touch hands high over head and lean to one side



**Leg out front:** How does your balance change when you lift your leg out in front of you? Does it feel the same on each leg?

Variations:

- arms to the sides
- arms on the hips
- arms in “prayer position”
- point or flex foot



**Leg in back:** How about your leg in back of you? How does this feel? Does it feel the same on each leg?

Variations:

- arms straight up over head
- arms to the sides
- arms on the hips
- arms in “prayer position”
- point or flex foot





**Eagle pose:** Wrap your arms around each other, and also wrap your legs around each other. Does this make it easier or harder to balance?

How does it feel when you go out of balance?



**Warrior 1:** Step one of your feet forward with a bent knee. Make sure your hips and torso (middle area) are facing the same direction as your front leg. Be careful your knee does not go past your toes. Raise your hands above your head, while keeping your shoulders down and relaxed. Pull in your tummy to keep your back strong. You will transition right to Warrior 2.



**Warrior 2:** Now spread your arms wide, turning your torso to face the side. Make sure both feet are flat on the floor, one pointing ahead (on your bent knee leg) and the other parallel to where the front of the mat would be. Look out over the 3<sup>rd</sup> finger of your outstretched (front) hand, and feel the power and strength of your being!



### Lesson Conclusion

These are simple exercises you can do as a family to relax before bed. Kids love doing yoga and showing how well they can do! **Turn to Section 3, page 8 of the workbook to find a yoga routine you can do as a family.**

Other important things to remember when exercising:

- Eat a little bit before you work out if it has been 2 -3 hours since your last meal – food is fuel. Banana, piece of toast, not protein such as meat, chicken etc.
- DRINK water before, during and after. Unless you do aerobic exercise for over an hour, you need nothing more than water. Sports drinks are mostly sugar.
- Start gradually so you don't hurt yourself.
- Something is always better than nothing – 5 minutes helps and will make you feel better.
- HAVE FUN!!!!

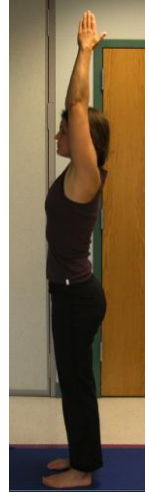
## Yoga Exercises – Modified Sun Salutations

Yoga is both a great exercise and a great way of managing stress. When stress overwhelms you, the quickest, most sure-fire way to eliminate the anxiety is to tune into the breath and slow it down. When we breathe deeply and slowly, we reduce the heart rate and this in turn steadies and balances the mind.

Pranayama is an ancient practice of working with the vital life force, the breath. By practicing breathing exercises that utilize the entire lung capacity, we can restore even mindedness and balance, protecting ourselves from the harmful effects of stress.

### Exercise 1 – Upward Salute:

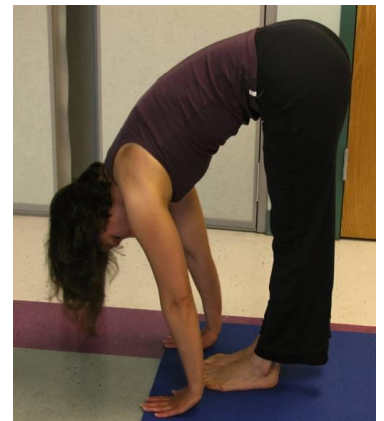
1. Stand up straight with your feet slightly apart. Put your arms straight up and hands together. Slowly spread your arms apart while dropping them gradually. Inhale and sweep your arms out to the sides and straight up.
2. If your shoulders are tense, do not put your palms back together, keep your arms parallel. If you can put your hands back together without hunching your shoulders, do so.
3. Stretch your arms up as high as you can and turn your palms slightly down toward the top of your head. Try not to tense your neck and tip your head back slightly and look at your thumbs.
4. Keep your back straight and your rib cage centered over your pelvis. Lift your rib cage straight up while maintaining the centering. Hold for a few breaths.
5. Start the Forward Bending Salute.



Exercise 1

### Exercise 2 – Forward Bending Salute:

1. Bring your arms to your sides. Exhale and bend forward from the hip joints, not from the waist. As you bend forward, maintain the stretch between your rib cage and pelvis. Try to lengthen your torso as you move more deeply into position.
2. Trying to keep your knees straight, bring your palms or finger tips to the floor or your ankles. If too difficult, cross your arms and hold your elbows. Press your heels downward while lifting your buttocks toward the ceiling.
3. With each breath lift your torso slightly during inhale and relax deeper into the pose during exhale. Your head and neck should hang fully relaxed.
4. This pose can be used independently to rest and relax. Hold for 30 seconds to a minute.
5. During an inhalation, come up from your hips. Don't roll your spine.
6. Move onto High Left Lunge.



Exercise 2

### Exercise 3 – High Lunge Left:

1. From Forward Bending Salute, bend your knees and, with an inhale, step back with your left foot onto the balls of your feet.
2. Lie on your right thigh and stretching your torso forward. Imagine your right thigh lowering into the floor. Look forward. Lower your left heel to the ground, keeping your left knee straight.
3. Move onto Downward Dog.



Exercise 3



Exercise 4

### Exercise 4 – Downward Dog:

1. Get on your hands and knees – like a dog. Knees should be right below hips and hands a little in front of your shoulders. Spread your fingers and turn your toes under.
2. Exhale, straighten your legs with knees slightly bent, and come up on balls of feet. Lengthen your back and stretch your buttocks toward the ceiling.
3. Exhale, stretch your thighs back, and put your heels on floor. Straighten your knees but don't lock them.
4. Your hands and arms should be pressing and lifting so your arms and upper back are firm and stretching toward your buttocks. Head should be in line with spine and arms; don't let it hang.
5. Move into Table pose.

### Exercise 5 – Table:

1. Get on your hands and knees – like a table. Knees should be right below hips and hands right below your shoulders. Look at the floor with your neck and head relaxed, but in line with your spine.
2. Exhale, round your back like a cat, keeping your knees and shoulders in place. Let your head drop, but don't force it to your chest.
3. Inhale and return to original table position.
4. Move into Child's Pose.



Exercise 5

### **Exercise 6 – Child’s Pose:**

1. From the Table Pose, slide your big toes together and spread your knees about as wide as your hips.
2. Exhale, sit back on your heels and rest your torso down between your thighs. Your hands should be palm down, arms stretched out in front of you.
3. Inhale and stretch your arms out a little farther. Exhale and stretch your torso back toward your heels and down toward the ground. Keep head and neck relaxed.
4. Stay in the pose from 1 to 3 minutes.
5. Repeat Table Pose.



Exercise 6

**Exercise 5 – Table**  
(See directions top of this page)

**Exercise 4 – Downward Dog**  
(See directions on page 11)

**Exercise 3 – High Lunge Right**  
(See directions on page 11 but use opposite leg)

**Exercise 2 – Forward Bending Salute**  
(See directions on page 10)

**Exercise 1 – Upward Salute**  
(See directions on page 10)

## **Week 4 Lesson**

Did anyone try adding more exercise, movement, or yoga to their family's routine? What did you try? How did your family like it? Did it help you spend more time together? Did you run into any challenges? Does anyone have any suggestions on how to address these challenges?

This week we'll be talking about home cooked meals. So in today's exercise lesson we'll show you some simple fitness activities you can do while you are cooking! **(Go through and do some of these with the participants. Show them where to find these tips in Section 3, page 11 of the workbook.)**

1. Stand on 1 foot for 10 seconds while preparing your meal. Switch feet that you stand on.
2. Every time you add a new ingredient do 5 squats.
3. As you get ready to pour your milk to drink with your meal, hold the jug or carton with one hand and straighten your arm forward and then to the side.
4. Put your timer on when your food starts to cook and do as many jumping jacks as you can in 1 minute. Try to increase the number every week.
5. Put a bag of flour or cornmeal on the floor – squat down to pick it up and raise it above your and put it back on the floor 10 times.
6. After you have created your meal, clean up. Wipe your counters really well by pushing down hard on your sponge and scrubbing in a clockwise circle 10 times and then in a counterclockwise circle 10 times with each arm. Then scrub up and down 10 times and side to side 10 times.
7. Put one foot in front of the other, bend the front knee and straighten the back leg and then lean against your counter to stretch for a count of 15.
8. Hold a heavy can in each with arms raised in front of you and twist side to side 20 times.
9. Run in place for two minutes while dinner (or breakfast or lunch) is cooking.
10. Lay a roll of paper towels on the ground and jump over it side-to-side as many times as you can. Do one set before you begin cooking, in between cooking and one set after you are finished cooking.
11. Try to touch the floor with your hands flat or with your fingers – 10 minutes
12. While waiting for dinner to cook, stand straight and lift one leg in front of you – don't bend over at all – squeeze your lower core to hold you straight.
13. Lunge from room to room of your house (step one foot way in front try to touch back knee to floor as you bend the front knee and then bring your feet together again).
14. Do 5 pushups and 10 sit-ups before you cook and the same after you cook.
15. Sit on the floor with your legs stretched out in front of you – try to touch your toes with your fingers. So the stretch 10 times and hold each for 10 seconds.
16. Stand on your tip toes and stretch to reach the highest thing in your cupboard. Take it out and put it back 10 times.
17. Run in place with your knees coming up high – count to 20 and do it 3 times with a break in between.
18. Hold a big spoon or bowl above your head and twist left and right as high as you can count.
19. Grab your hands behind your back and stretch your shoulders and arms – can you do it on 1 foot.

20. Put a heavy pan on the floor, squat down to pick it up, lift it above your head and then squat down to put it back on the floor – do that 10 times.
21. Put one foot in front of the other and switch the front and back feet quickly. Count to 20 take a break and do it again.
22. Put your arms out to the side by your shoulders (so you look like a T). Make tiny circles forward, then backward, then big circles forward and big circles backward. Do 10 each way.
23. Stand on 1 leg and squat down to sit on an imaginary chair. Do each leg 5 times.

When cooking, especially with your children, try to incorporate some of those simple ideas into your time together.

We hope over the course of this series you've come away with both some ideas and motivation to exercise more as a family. If you've had a long day and just can't find the energy to exercise, keep some of these fitness ideas in mind.



## Dance Party Exercise Routine

### Supplies needed:

Radio, iPod or CD of favorite, high-energy music. You will need 5 songs for the routine.

### During First Song:



Dance! Hop, Shake, Reach, Turn, Drop, Spin

### During Second Song:

#### 1. 20 Mountain Climbers

- Get into the push-up position (arms straight), balls of your feet on the floor.
- Lift your right knee straight up towards your right arm, then back down.
- Bring knees in straight under your body.
- Repeat with your left knee to left arm.
- Increase the speed so your legs are moving up and down.
- Continue for 20 seconds.



#### 2. Flying Superman

- Lie face down on the carpet.
- Raise one arm and the opposite leg, then progress to both.
- Hold for 30 seconds.
- Relax for a count of 3, then hold again for 30 seconds.



#### 3. Repeat 20 Mountain Climbers

#### 4. Side to side Jumping Jacks

- Instead of jumping, move one leg to the other and raise both hands.



#### 5. Balance

- Tighten your stomach to keep you upright, do not lean back or forward.
- Try to hold for a maximum of one minute.



#### During Third Song:



Dance! Hop, Shake, Reach, Turn, Drop, Spin.

## During Fourth Song:

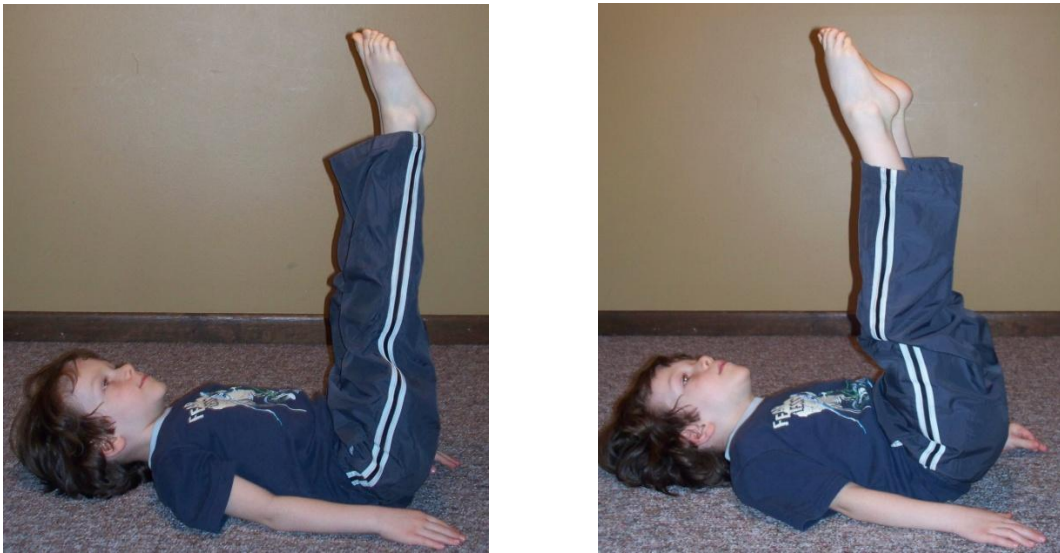
### 1. Lunges

- Make sure your shoulders are back, and your knee does not cross over your toes.
- 3 sets of 8 on each side



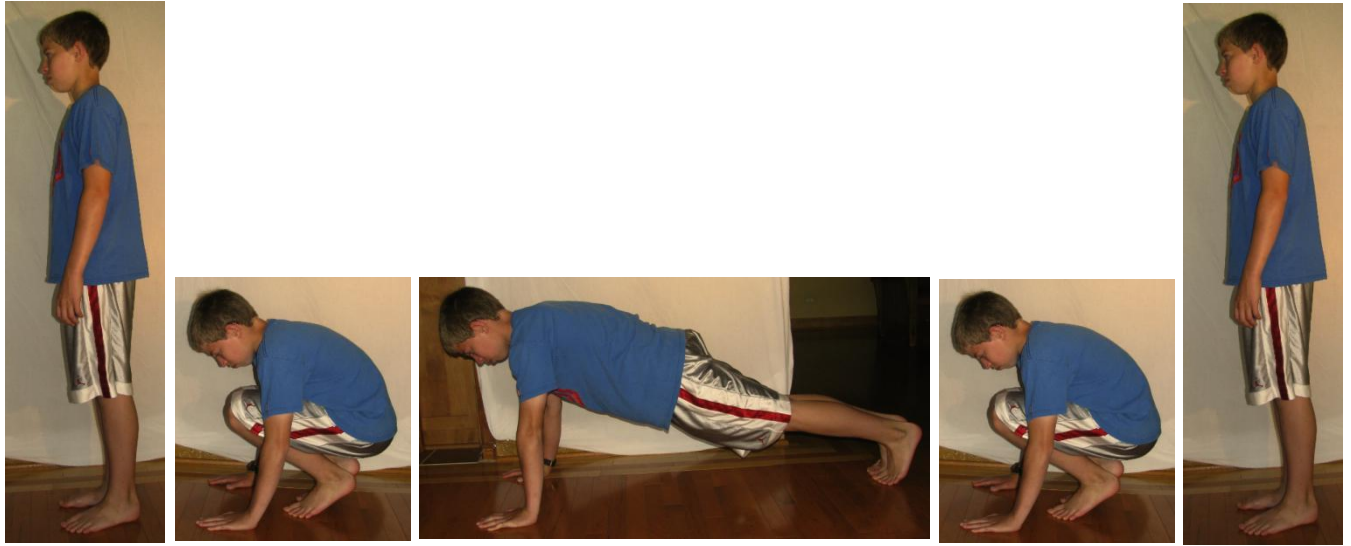
### 2. Lifts

- Lift lower back slightly off the ground.
- Lift toes straight up to the ceiling. Do not move legs toward head.
- Small movements, think “seesaw”
- 3 sets of 8 lifts



### 3. Burpees

- 2 sets of 8



### 4. Plank for one minute

- Make sure the buttock does not stick up or dip down.



Or 10 push-ups



### 5. Marching Band leg lifts

- 3 sets of 8





**During Last Song:**

**Stretch**

